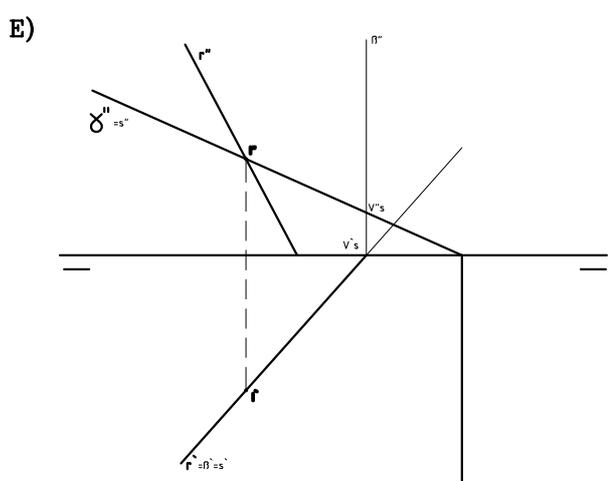
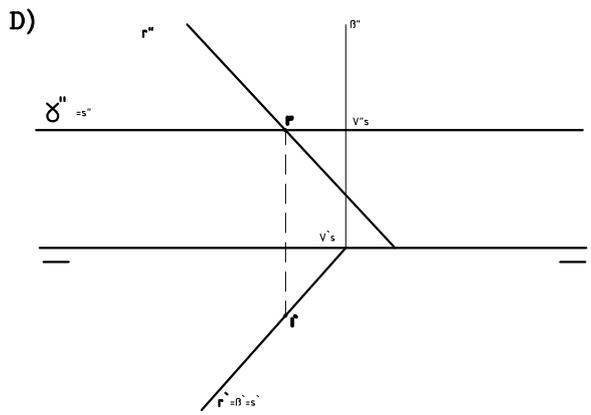
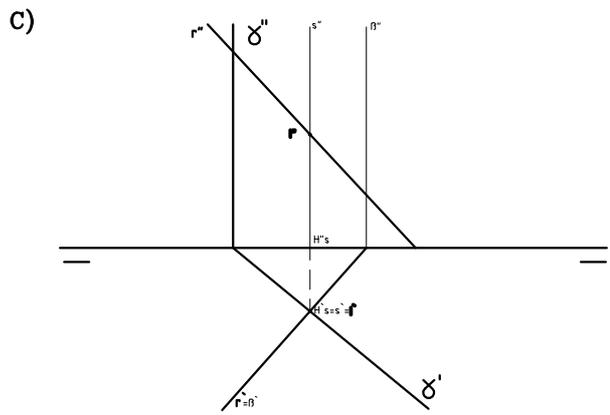
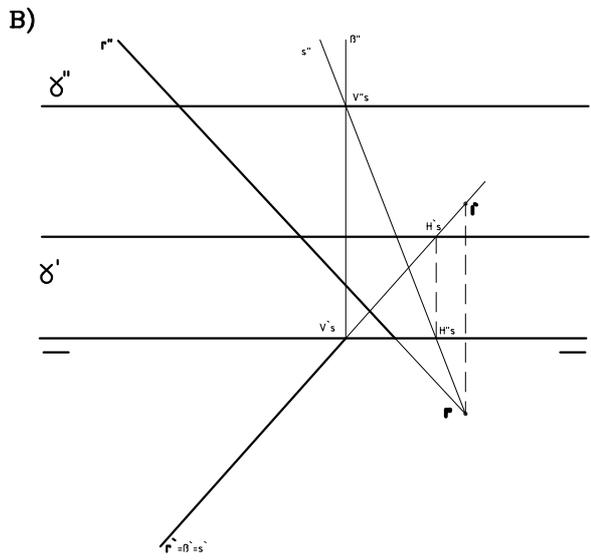
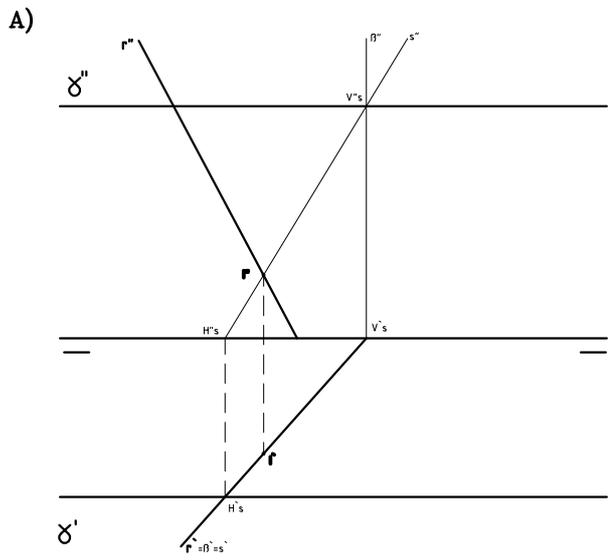
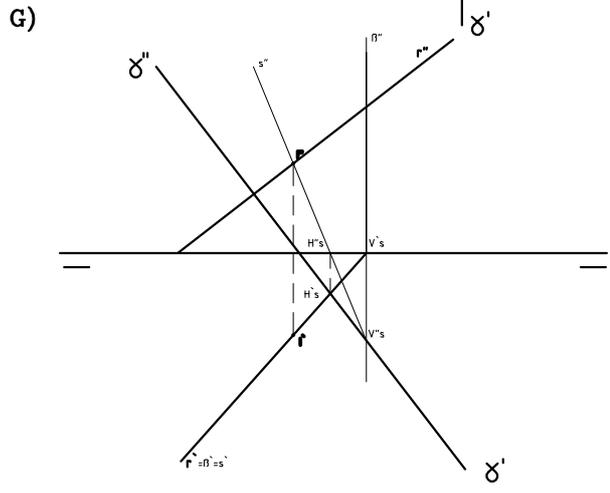
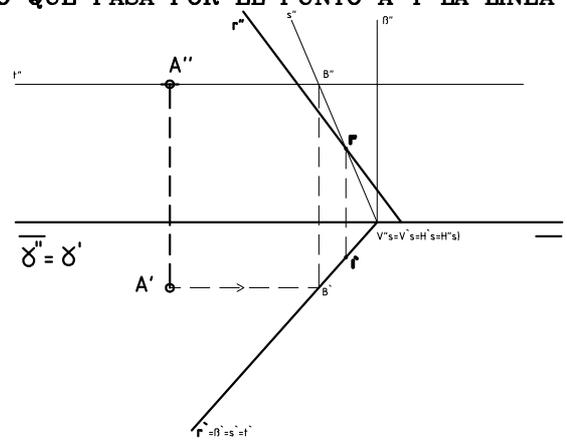


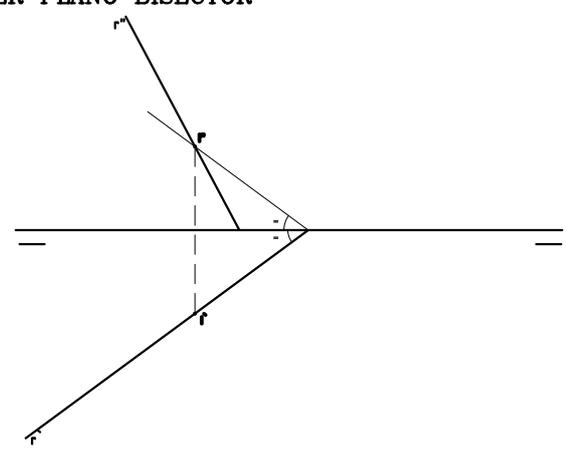
HALLAR EL PUNTO DE INTERSECCION DE LA RECTA r (r'',r') CON EL PLANO DADO (EN TODOS LOS CASOS)



F) PLANO QUE PASA POR EL PUNTO A Y LA LINEA DE TIERRA



H) PRIMER PLANO BISECTOR



CASO GENERAL

- 1.-DIBUJAR UN PLANO β (β'',β') QUE CONTenga A LA RECTA r (r'',r') (PREFERIBLEMENTE VERTICAL)
- 2.-HALLAR LA RECTA s (s'',s') DE INTERSECCION DEL PLANO β CON EL PLANO DADO.
- 3.-DETERMINAR EL PUNTO I (I'',I') DE CORTE DE LAS RECTAS r Y s .